

**MX-A70C6LF**

Version number: 3.1  
Replaces version of: 2014-11-24 (2)

Revision: 2017-04-04

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

**1.1 Product identifier**

Trade name **MX-A70C6LF** (electrodes for flux cored arc welding)  
Registration number (REACH) not relevant (mixture)

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Relevant identified uses Welding and soldering product  
The product is intended for professional use  
Specific process or activity welding (welding process)  
Uses advised against Do not use for private purposes (household).

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Kobelco Welding of Europe B.V.  
Eisterweg 8  
6422 PN Heerlen  
Netherlands

Telephone: +31(0)45-5471111  
Telefax: +31(0)45-5471100  
e-mail: info@kobelcowelding.nl  
e-mail (competent person)

info@kobelcowelding.nl

**1.4 Emergency telephone number**

Emergency information service +31(0)45-5471111  
This number is only available during the following office hours: Mon-Fri 09:00 - 17:00

Poison centre		
Country	Name	Telephone
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (NPIS) (medical professionals only)	0344-8920111
United Kingdom	NHS (general public)	non-emergency: 111 or a doctor; emergency: 999

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.4S	skin sensitisation	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317
3.6	carcinogenicity	2	Carc. 2	H351
3.9	specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373

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For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects  
Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure.

**2.2 Label elements**

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- signal word warning

- pictograms

GHS07, GHS08



- hazard statements

- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

- precautionary statements

- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

- hazardous ingredients for labelling Respirable Crystalline Silica, nickel powder (particle diameter < 1mm)

**2.3 Other hazards**

Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid skin contact. When this product is used in a welding process, the most significant hazards are electric shock, fumes, gases, radiation, spatter, slag and heat.  
Shock: electric shock can kill.  
Fumes: Overexposure to welding fumes may result in symptoms like dizziness, nausea, dryness or irritation of the nose, throat or eyes. Chronic overexposure to welding fumes may affect pulmonary function.  
Gases: gases may cause gas poisoning.  
Radiation: arc rays can severely damage eyes or skin.  
Spatter, slag and heat: spatter and slag can damage eyes. Spatter, slag, melting material, arc rays and hot welds can cause burn injuries and start fires.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

**3.1 Substances**

Not relevant (mixture)

**3.2 Mixtures**






The product does not contain any (other) ingredients which are classified according to present knowledge of the supplier and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section.

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes	Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors
Respirable Crystalline Silica	CAS No 14808-60-7 EC No 238-878-4	≤3	STOT RE 1 / H372				

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Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes	Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors
Nickel	CAS No 7440-02-0  EC No 231-111-4  REACH Reg. No 01- 2119438727 -29-xxxx	≤ 3	Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Carc. 2 / H351 STOT RE 1 / H372 Aquatic Chronic 3 / H412	 	IARC: 2B		
Magnesium	CAS No 7439-95-4  EC No 231-104-6  Index No 012-001-00- 3  REACH Reg. No 01- 2119537203 -49-xxxx	≤ 1	Pyr. Sol. 1 / H250 Water-react. 1 / H260		GHS- HC T(a)		
aluminium powder (stabil- ized)	CAS No 7429-90-5  EC No 231-072-3  Index No 013-001-00- 6	≤ 1	Flam. Sol. 1 / H228 Water-react. 2 / H261		GHS- HC T(a)		
Dipotassium hexafluorosilic- ate	CAS No 16871-90-2  EC No 240-896-2  Index No 009-012-00- 0  REACH Reg. No 01- 2119539421 -45-xxxx	< 1	Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 2 / H330		A(a) GHS- HC		

**Notes**

- A(a): The name of substance is a general description. It is required that the correct name is stated on the label  
 GHS-HC: Harmonised classification (the classification of the substance corresponds to the entry in the list according to 1272/2008/EC, Annex VI)  
 IARC: IARC group 2B: possibly carcinogenic to humans (International Agency for Research on Cancer)  
 2B:  
 T(a): This substance is marketed in a form which has the physical properties as indicated

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**Remarks**

For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements: see SECTION 16. All the percentages given are percentages by weight unless stated otherwise.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1 Description of first aid measures****General notes**

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth. Disconnect and turn off the power. If the victim is semi- or unconscious, open the airway. If the victim cannot breathe, give artificial respiration. If there is no pulse, massage the chest and apply artificial respiration.

**Electrical shock**

Disconnect and turn off the power. If the victim is semi- or unconscious, open the airway. If the victim cannot breathe, give artificial respiration. If there is no pulse, massage the chest and apply artificial respiration.

**Following inhalation**

Provide fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a doctor.

**Following skin contact**

Brush off loose particles from skin. Rinse skin with water/shower.

**Following eye contact**

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

**Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

No further relevant information available.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

For specialist advice physicians should contact the anti poison control centre.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media****Suitable extinguishing media**

Alcohol resistant foam, Dry extinguishing powder, D-Powder, Dry sand, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Water spray

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

No further relevant information available.

**Hazardous combustion products**

During fire hazardous fumes/smoke could be produced.

**5.3 Advice for firefighters**

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

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Special protective equipment for firefighters  
Self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 133). Standard protective clothing for firefighters.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel  
Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases. Use personal protective equipment as required.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advices on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Advices on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from fire.

Recommendations

- measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

No special measures are necessary.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- explosive atmospheres

Removal of dust deposits.

- flammability hazards

Keep away from fire. Keep away from combustible material.

- incompatible substances or mixtures

Acids, Alkalis, Oxidisers

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**Control of effects**

Protect against external exposure, such as

High temperatures, Humidity

**Consideration of other advice**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

- general rule

Store welding consumables inside a room without humidity. Do not store welding consumables directly on the ground or beside a wall. Keep welding consumables away from chemical substances like acids which could cause chemical reactions.

- ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

**7.3 Specific end use(s)**

Welding (welding process).

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**8.1 Control parameters**

**National limit values**

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)									
Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Notation	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Source
GB	dust		i	WEL		10			EH40/2005
GB	dust		r	WEL		4			EH40/2005
GB	magnesium oxide	1309-48-4	Mg, i, dust	WEL		10			EH40/2005
GB	magnesium oxide	1309-48-4	r, df	WEL		4			EH40/2005
GB	aluminium oxides	1344-28-1	i	WEL		10			EH40/2005
GB	aluminium oxides	1344-28-1	r	WEL		4			EH40/2005
GB	titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	i	WEL		10			EH40/2005
GB	titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	r	WEL		4			EH40/2005
GB	silica, crystalline	14808-60-7	r	WEL		0.1			EH40/2005
GB	aluminium	7429-90-5	i	WEL		10			EH40/2005
GB	aluminium	7429-90-5	r	WEL		4			EH40/2005
GB	manganese	7439-96-5		WEL		0.5			EH40/2005
GB	nickel	7440-02-0		WEL		0.1			EH40/2005
GB	silicon	7440-21-3	i	WEL		10			EH40/2005
GB	silicon	7440-21-3	r	WEL		4			EH40/2005

**Notation**

- df as dust and fumes
- dust as dust
- i inhalable fraction
- Mg calculated as Mg (magnesium)
- r respirable fraction
- STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period unless otherwise specified
- TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average

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### Relevant DNELs/DMELs/PNECs and other threshold levels

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
nickel powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	7440-02-0	DNEL	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
nickel powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	7440-02-0	DNEL	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
nickel powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	7440-02-0	DNEL	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
nickel powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	7440-02-0	DNEL	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
Magnesium	7439-95-4	DNEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
aluminium powder (stabilized)	7429-90-5	DNEL	3.72 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
aluminium powder (stabilized)	7429-90-5	DNEL	3.72 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Dipotassium hexafluorosilicate	16871-90-2	DNEL	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Dipotassium hexafluorosilicate	16871-90-2	DNEL	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
Dipotassium hexafluorosilicate	16871-90-2	DNEL	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
Dipotassium hexafluorosilicate	16871-90-2	DNEL	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Magnesium	7439-95-4	PNEC	0.41 mg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Magnesium	7439-95-4	PNEC	0.41 mg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Magnesium	7439-95-4	PNEC	10.8 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Magnesium	7439-95-4	PNEC	268 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
Magnesium	7439-95-4	PNEC	1.4 mg/l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
Magnesium	7439-95-4	PNEC	268 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
Magnesium	7439-95-4	PNEC	268 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)
aluminium powder (stabilized)	7429-90-5	PNEC	20 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Dipotassium hexafluorosilicate	16871-90-2	PNEC	0.9 mg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Dipotassium hexafluorosilicate	16871-90-2	PNEC	0.9 mg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)

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Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Dipotassium hexafluorosilicate	16871-90-2	PNEC	51 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Dipotassium hexafluorosilicate	16871-90-2	PNEC	11 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Use enough ventilation, local exhaust at the arc, or both, to keep the fumes and gases below the TLVs in the worker's breathing zone and the general area. Use extra ventilation when welding galvanized plate or coated plate.

**Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)**

**Eye/face protection**



Wear helmet or use face shield with filter lens. As a rule of thumb, start with a shade which is too dark to see the weld zone. Then go to the next lighter shade which gives sufficient view of the weld zone. Provide protective screens and flash goggles, if necessary, to shield others.

**Skin protection**

Protective clothing (EN 340).

**- hand protection**



Welding gloves according to EN12477:2001 and A1:2005 in case of arc welding. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The exact break through time should be requested at the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

**- other protection measures**



Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wear head, hand and bodyprotection which help to prevent injury form radiation, sparks and electric shock. At a minimum this includes welder's gloves and protective face shield and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, shoulder protection as well as dark substantial clothing. Train the welder not to touch live electrical parts and to insulate himself from work and ground.

**Respiratory protection**



Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when welding in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below TLV. Keep head out of the fumes and gases.

**Ear protection**



Wear earplugs or earmuffs when using engine driven arc welding machine or pulsed arc welding machine that generates high-level noise.

**Environmental exposure controls**

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.



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**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

**Appearance**

Physical state	solid (electrode)
Colour	grey
Odour	odourless

**Other safety parameters**

pH (value)	not applicable
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
Flash point	not applicable
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily
Explosion limits of dust clouds	not determined
Vapour pressure	not determined
Density	not determined
Vapour density	this information is not available
Relative density	information on this property is not available
Solubility(ies)	not determined

**Partition coefficient**

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	information on this property is not available
Viscosity	not relevant (solid matter)
Explosive properties	none
Oxidising properties	none

**9.2 Other information**

Of no significance.

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**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1 Reactivity**

Contact with chemical substances could cause generation of gas.

**10.2 Chemical stability**

See below "Conditions to avoid".

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Reacts with: Acids. Alkalis. Oxidising substances.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Keep away from heat.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Oxidisers, Acids, Alkalis

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous decomposition products includes those from the volatilization, reaction or oxidation of the material listed in section 3 and those from the base metal and coating. Manganese has a low exposure limit, in some countries, that may be easily exceeded. Reasonably expected gaseous products would include carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides and ozone. Reasonably expected fume constituents of this product would include oxides of metals

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

Inhalation of welding fumes and gases can be dangerous to your health. The composition and quantity of both are dependent upon the material being worked, the process, procedures and consumables used.

**Classification procedure**

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

**Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)**

**Acute toxicity**

Overexposure to gases, fumes and dusts may include irritation of the eyes, lungs, nose and throat. Some toxic gases (associated with welding) may cause pulmonary edema, asphyxiation and death. Acute overexposure may include signs and symptoms such as watery eyes, nose and throat irritation, headache, dizziness, difficulty in breathing, frequent coughing or chest pain. Exposure to the fluoride ion may cause hypocalcaemia-calcium deficiency in the blood that can result in muscle cramps and inflammation and necrosis of mucous membranes.

Acute toxicity of components of the mixture					
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Nickel	7440-02-0	oral	LD50	>9,000 mg/kg	rat
Magnesium	7439-95-4	oral	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg	rat
aluminium powder (stabilized)	7429-90-5	oral	LD50	>15,900 mg/kg	rat
Dipotassium hexafluorosilicate	16871-90-2	oral	LD50	mg/kg	rat
Dipotassium hexafluorosilicate	16871-90-2	inhalation: dust/mist	LC50	2.021 mg/l/4h	rat

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

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**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

**Carcinogenicity**

Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans						
Name of substance	CAS No	Wt%	Classification	Remarks	Number	Date indication
nickel powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	7440-02-0	3	2B		Volume 49	1990
Respirable Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	3	1	in the form of quartz or cristobalite	Volume 68, 100C	2012

Legend

- 1 Carcinogenic to humans
- 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans

**Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

**Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties**

Nickel is considered carcinogenic. Long term overexposure to nickel fumes may also cause pulmonary fibrosis and oedema. Crystalline silica is classified as a human carcinogen (Group I) by the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer). Welding fumes (not otherwise specified) are possibly carcinogenic to humans.

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Overexposure to air contaminants may lead to their accumulation in the lungs, a condition which may be seen as dense areas on chest X-rays. The severity of the change is proportional to the length of the exposure. The changes may be caused by non-work factors such as smoking, etc. Long term exposure to welding and allied processes gasses, dusts and fumes may contribute to pulmonary irritation or pneumoconiosis. Overexposure to manganese compounds may affect the central nervous system, symptoms of which are languor, sleepiness, muscular weakness, emotional disturbances and spastic gait. The effect of manganese on the nervous system is irreversible. Inhalation of too much iron oxide fume over a long time can cause siderosis, sometimes called "iron pigmentation" of the lung, which can be seen on a chest x-ray but causes little or no disability. Chronic overexposure to iron (>50-100 mg Fe per day) can result in pathological deposition of iron in body tissues of which are fibrosis of the pancreas, diabetes mellitus and liver cirrhosis. Long term inhalatory exposure to crystalline silica above current occupational exposure limits may lead to silicosis (development of fibrotic nodules in lung tissue) and is also associated with a number of diseases (bronchitis, emphysema, etc.). Smoking may increase the risk on adverse effects. Chronic fluoride absorption can result in osseous fluorosis, increased radiographic density of the bones and mottling of the teeth. Nickel is considered carcinogenic. Long term overexposure to nickel fumes may also cause pulmonary fibrosis and oedema.

**Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

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**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**12.1 Toxicity**

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture					
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
nickel powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	7440-02-0	LC50	15.3 mg/l	fish	96 h
nickel powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	7440-02-0	EC50	561.3 µg/l	aquatic invertebrates	96 h
nickel powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	7440-02-0	ErC50	µg/l	algae	72 h
Magnesium	7439-95-4	LC50	725 mg/l	fish	48 h
Magnesium	7439-95-4	ErC50	>12 mg/l	algae	72 h
Magnesium	7439-95-4	EC50	>12 mg/l	algae	72 h
Dipotassium hexafluoro-silicate	16871-90-2	EC50	35.4 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Dipotassium hexafluoro-silicate	16871-90-2	ErC50	19.6 mg/l	algae	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture					
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
nickel powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	7440-02-0	ErC50	8,363 µg/l	fish	40 d
nickel powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	7440-02-0	LC50	204 µg/l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
nickel powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	7440-02-0	EbC50	6.2 µg/l	aquatic invertebrates	30 d
nickel powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	7440-02-0	EC50	406 µg/l	aquatic invertebrates	24 h
Magnesium	7439-95-4	LC50	898 mg/l	fish	24 h
Magnesium	7439-95-4	EC50	125 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
Dipotassium hexafluoro-silicate	16871-90-2	EC50	216 mg/l	microorganisms	3 h

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

No further relevant information available.

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

No further relevant information available.

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### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Not mobile.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

No further relevant information available.

Endocrine disrupting potential

None of the ingredients are listed.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	<b>UN number</b>	not subject to transport regulations
14.2	<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	not relevant
14.3	<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
	Class	-
14.4	<b>Packing group</b>	not relevant
14.5	<b>Environmental hazards</b>	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations
14.6	<b>Special precautions for user</b>	
	There is no additional information.	
14.7	<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code</b>	
	No data available.	

### Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

#### **Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)**

Not subject to ADR, RID and ADN.

#### **International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)**

Not subject to IMDG.

#### **International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)**

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

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**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)**

**Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII**

Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)					
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Type of registration	Conditions of restriction	No
nickel powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	nickel	7440-02-0	1907/2006/EC annex XVII	R27	27

Legend

R27

- Shall not be used:
  - in any post assemblies which are inserted into pierced ears and other pierced parts of the human body unless the rate of nickel release from such post assemblies is less than 0,2 µg/cm<sup>2</sup>/week (migration limit);
  - in articles intended to come into direct and prolonged contact with the skin such as:
    - earrings,
    - necklaces, bracelets and chains, anklets, finger rings,
    - wrist-watch cases, watch straps and tighteners,
    - rivet buttons, tighteners, rivets, zippers and metal marks, when these are used in garments,
 if the rate of nickel release from the parts of these articles coming into direct and prolonged contact with the skin is greater than 0,5 µg/cm<sup>2</sup>/week.
  - in articles referred to in point (b) where these have a non-nickel coating unless such coating is sufficient to ensure that the rate of nickel release from those parts of such articles coming into direct and prolonged contact with the skin will not exceed 0,5 µg/cm<sup>2</sup>/week for a period of at least two years of normal use of the article.
- Articles which are the subject of paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements set out in that paragraph.
- The standards adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) shall be used as the test methods for demonstrating the conformity of articles to paragraphs 1 and 2.

**List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)**

None of the ingredients are listed.

**Regulation 166/2006/EC concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)**

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Threshold for releases to air (kg/year)
nickel powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	7440-02-0	(8)	50

Legend

(8) All metals shall be reported as the total mass of the element in all chemical forms present in the release

**Directive 2000/60/EC establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy (WFD)**

Name of substance	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
nickel powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	7440-02-0	Annex X	

Legend

annex X List of priority substances in the field of water policy

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**Regulation 98/2013/EU on the marketing and use of explosives precursors**

None of the ingredients are listed.

**15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment**

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this mixture.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

**Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)**

Complete revised version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms**

<b>Abbr.</b>	<b>Descriptions of used abbreviations</b>
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard
Carc.	Carcinogenicity
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
CMR	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic for Reproduction
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits ( <a href="http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/">http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/</a> )
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
Flam. Sol.	Flammable solid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Pyr. Sol.	Pyrophoric solid
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
TWA	Time-weighted average
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
Water-react.	Material which, in contact with water, emits flammable gases
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

**Key literature references and sources for data**

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

**Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

**List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)**

Code	Text
H228	Flammable solid.
H250	Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air.
H260	In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously.
H261	In contact with water releases flammable gases.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.



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### **Warning text on the label**

WARNING: PROTECT yourself and others. Read and understand this information.

FUMES AND GASES can be hazardous to your health.

ARC RAYS can injure eyes and burn skin.

ELECTRIC SHOCK can KILL.

- Before use, read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs), and your employer's safety practices.
- Keep your head out of the fumes.
- Use adequate ventilation, exhaust at the arc, or both, to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area.
- Wear correct eye, ear, and body protection.
- Do not touch free electrical parts.